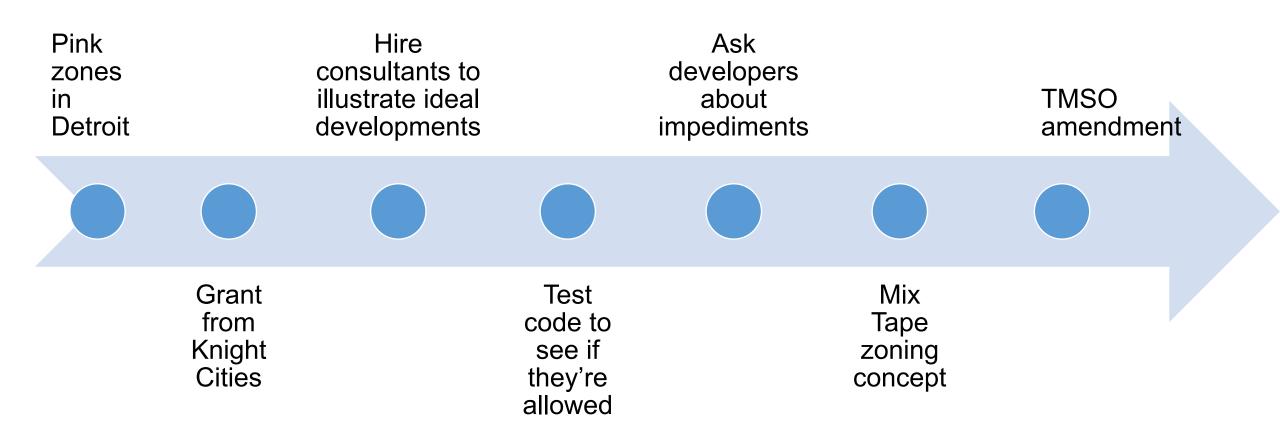
Making Better Development Easier

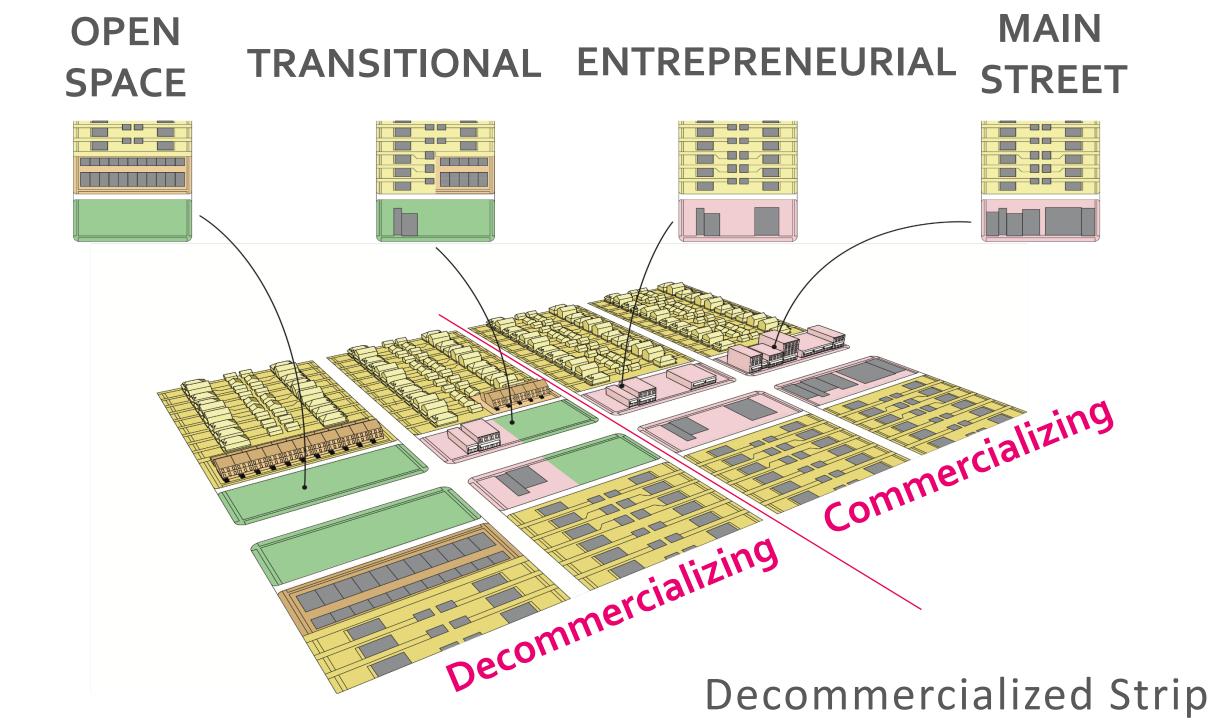
From Pink zones to Zoning Overlay in Detroit



Greg Moots, Detroit Planning and Development Dept.

Evolution

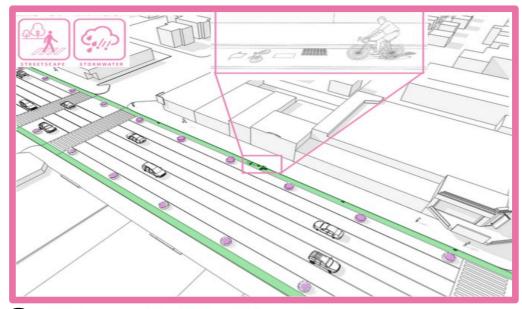




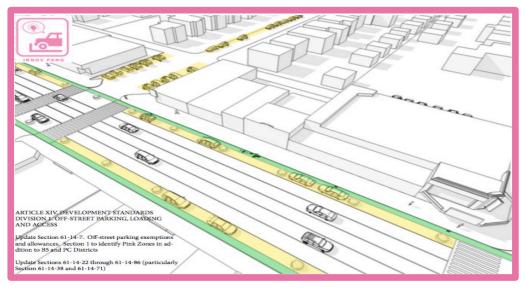
EAST WARREN: SHORT TERM

Make the Street Work

1



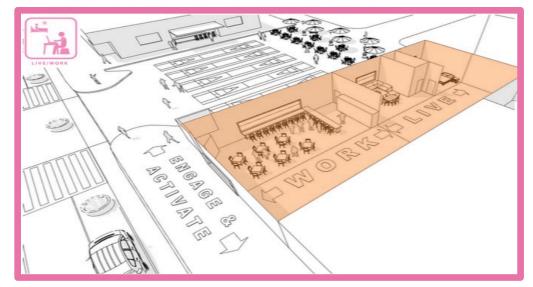
2 Remove Parking Encumbrances



3 Activate Leftover Spaces



Introduce Live/Work Shared Uses



WORKSHOP FOCUS AREAS



DEVELOPMENT / REGULATION

How can existing regulation be modified to better enable catalytic small-scale development intrinsic to neighborhood stabilization and healthy neighborhoods through 20 minute neighborhoods?

How can these "loosened" or modified regulations accommodate long-term changes in uses, economies, and needs?

How can these actions accommodate more participants in neighborhood development?

"Low Hanging Fruit" zoning changes

Theme	Title	Problem	Suggestions	issue	Working group outcome	Recommendation
Commercial	Entry facing street	Many building entries face a side parking lot rather than the street	Require street-facing entries	zoning - design	should we do an overlay for PZ areas or implement via City-wide design standards?	have design standards for overlays for target commercial areas
Parking	Parking in rear	Many strip malls feature front parking lots	Require parking to be on the side or in the rear and accessed from the alley. Don't allow new new driveways and amortize existing driveways	zoning - design	<u>should we do an overlay for PZ area</u> s or implement via City-wide design standards?	have design standards for overlays for target commercial areas
Parking	reduce parking in front of building	many uses have large parking lots between the building and the street. However, may patrons won't park in the rear due to fear of crime	parking in front of the building as a	zoning - design		
Parking	Parking maximums	Excessive off street parking is often provided	Set a parking maximum to allow landowners to build on land used for parking	zoning - parking		keep, low impact if changed. Not many building more than required. Would make statement, though
Parking	Off-Street requirements	Eliminate off-street parking requirements for buildings under 3000 sq. ft., of any age	_	zoning - parking		change to apply to all buildings in overlay under 3,000 sq. ft. Put change in 61-14-103
Parking	Off-Street minimums	B4 requires too much off-street parking = impedes density/walkability and Conventional Off-Street Parking Req. / Min. inappropriate	Eliminate or lessen to	zoning - parking		change retail to 1sp /300 sq. ft., revisit residential
Commercial	Light Industrial	Small scale manufacturing/light industrial [not?]allowed in B4		zoning B4	use the SD2 industrial uses list	use the SD2 industrial uses list
Residential	By-Right Residential	By-right residential use only permitted in Trad. Main St. Overlays (and only when paired w/ specific retail)		zoning B4	multi-family as MOR	Make multi-family MOR
commercial	B4/B2 housing	front and rear setback required for residential in B2 and B4	remove setback requirement	zoning		
Stormwater	Pervious pavers	Paved parking is impervious	Permit/require pervious pavers for new parking lots	zoning, DWSD		5GTC proposes to allow pervious pavers to be considered
Residential	Adaptable coding	Adaptable mixed-use zoning and building codes to accommodate contemporary changing uses		zoning, Code		

Theme	Title	Problem	Suggestions	issue	Working group outcome	Re
Commercial		Many building entries face a side parking lot rather than the street	Require street-facing entries	zoning - design	should we do an overlay for PZ areas or implement via City-wide design standards?	hav tar
Parking	Parking in rear	Many strip malls feature front parking lots	Require parking to be on the side or in the rear and accessed from the alley. Don't allow new new driveways and amortize existing driveways	zoning - design	<u>should we do an overlay for PZ area</u> s or implement via City-wide design standards?	hav tar
Parking	front of building	many uses have large parking lots between the building and the street. However, may patrons won't park in the rear due to fear of crime	parking in front of the building as a	zoning - design		
Parking		Excessive off street parking is often provided	Set a parking maximum to allow landowners to build on land used for parking	zoning - parking		kee bui sta
Parking	Off-Street requirements	Eliminate off-street parking requirements for buildings under 3000 sq. ft., of any age	current code restricts this to buildings built before 1998	zoning - parking		cha une
Parking		B4 requires too much off-street parking = impedes density/walkability and Conventional Off-Street Parking Req. / Min. inappropriate	Eliminate or lessen to	zoning - parking		cha res
Commercial	Light Industrial	Small scale manufacturing/light industrial [not?]allowed in B4		zoning B4	use the SD2 industrial uses list	use
Residential	By-Right Residential	By-right residential use only permitted in Trad. Main St. Overlays (and only when paired w/ specific retail)		zoning B4	multi-family as MOR 7	Ma

Parking study results

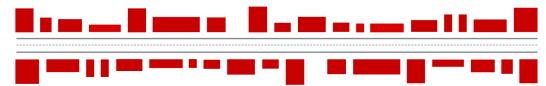
Use	Peak Range	Day(s) Studied	Max Avg
Breweries	9-10pm	Friday	91%
Multi-Family	6:30-9pm	Monday, Wednesday	77%
Retail	3-6:30 PM		60%
Restaurants	Variable Range	Sunday, Friday, Monday	88%

"Low Hanging Fruit" non-zoning changes

Theme	Title	Problem
Finance	Anchor Coordination	Need targeted / coordinated anchor institution investments outside of the CBD/Midtown
Finance	Supplementing Vision	Supplement to current Zoning / MP needs to include development finance tool / access (especially less conventional forms)
Stormwater	Swaps	Need ability to do large-scale stormwater management swaps, allowing City to sink management
Vision	Master planning	Unusable Master Plan to provide an overarching vision in which regulatory measures can be interpreted
Parking	Parking Revenue	Localized (and redistributed) revenue sharing from parking meters to support future development

CURRENT ZONING

Thoroughfare that has same zoning regardless of residents needs



STEP 1 : CREATE OVERLAY

Allow easier reuse of existing buildings and better mix of new uses



B4: child caring; convalescent, nursing, adult day care, armory, auditorium, hospital, library, animal grooming, art gallery, bank w/out drive thru, barber shop, beauty shop, office, restaurant, stores, farmers market, new car sales, nail salon, used car lots, car repair, body shops

STEP 2 : UPGRADE B4

Modifying B4 to better accommodate the quantitative outcomes for the commercial corridor

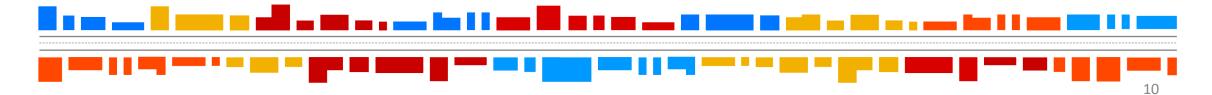


STEP 3 : MIX TAPE ZONING

Thoroughfare that has multiple zoning types B1-B6 within each corridor

B4 MODIFIED: Include more uses. For example: allow residential above art gallery; light industrial uses, apartment buildings with no hearings. **Remove** the most auto-centric uses (car sales and repair).

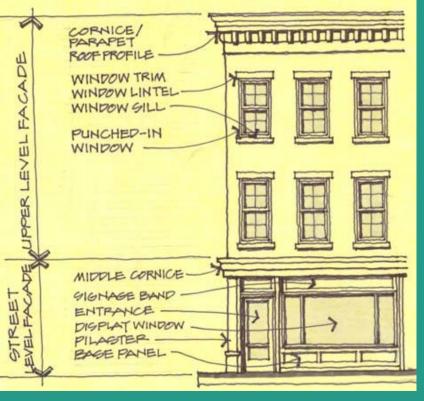
MIX OF ZONING TYPES: Long term goal to have zoning appropriate for different neighborhood types



THE SOLUTION: Mix tape Overlay



11

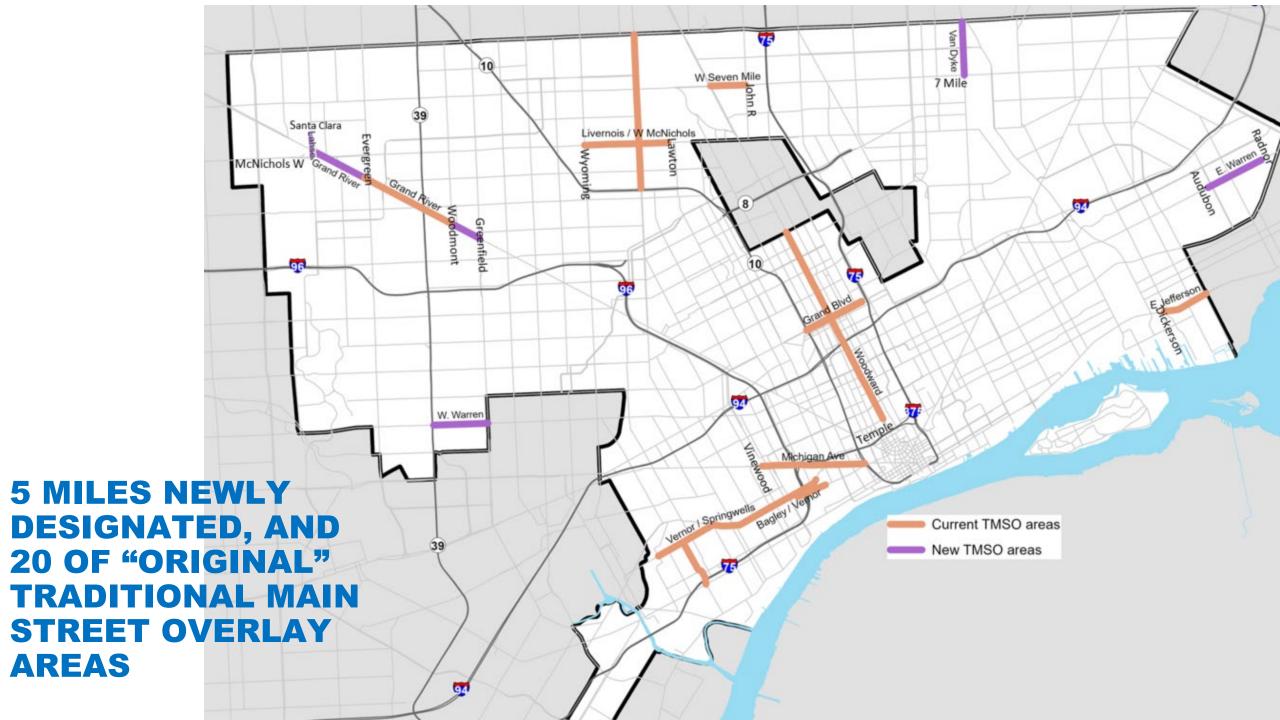




TRADITIONAL MAIN STREET OVERLAY AREAS

Celebrating attractive, pedestrian-friendly commercial corridors





USES

Allow residential as a matter-of-right

Allow residential as a matter-of-right

Allow mixed use and light industrial uses

Detroit Denim Co.

No hearing for maker uses under 4,000 sq feet where also have retail sales

Confection manufacturing	Glass blowing			
Food catering	Leather goods manufacture or fabrication			
Art needlework	Jewelry manufacture			
Cigar or cigarette manufacture	Lithographing, and sign shops			
Clock or watch manufacture	Trade services, general (plumbing, electrical, HVAC, upholstery,), with the exception of cabinet making			
Coffee roasting	Wearing apparel manufacture			
Door, sash, or trim manufacture	Canvas, knit goods, flags and draperies manufacture			
Hearing for potentially more intense uses				
Furniture making	Cabinet making			
Machine shop	17			

No Hearing for outdoor eating areas for restaurants

 No hearing for outdoor eating where in or on front of building in B2-B4 in TMSO





DESIGN STANDARDS FOR NEW TMSO AREAS

REQUIRE ADDITIONAL TRANSPARENCY ON STREET

ALLE DOUGH

8

3

REQUIRE ADDITIONAL TRANSPARENCY ON STREET

ALLE DOUGH

8

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1.

REQUIRE ENTRANCE ON STREET ue Moon



REQUIRE PARKING PARKING TO REAR BAGLEY AVE

BUILD TO THE LOT LINE – CREATE STREET WALL



REDUCE OR REMOVE REAR SETBACK

- For buildings with dwelling units, 20' if no **street** or alley, 10' if **street** or alley



PARKING

PARKING STUDY RESULTS

WHAT WE HEARD FROM DEVELOPERS...

- Reduce Retail and Residential Requirements
- Allow Parking to be
 Provided further away

PARKING STUDY RESULTS

WHAT WE HEARD FROM DEVELOPERS...

WHAT WE DID

MULTI-FAMILY

1.25 spaces/ unit to .75

- Reduce Retail and Residential Requirements
- Allow Parking to be Provided further away

RETAIL

Reduced broad range of commercial uses by 25%

PARKING DISTANCE

Proposing parking can be provided w/in ¼ mile of business instead of 100'

EASE PARKING

count adjacent onstreet spaces toward required parking

waive off-street parking requirement for <u>new or</u> rehabbed buildings or uses under 3,000 s.f. EN & WAFFLES

SUMMARY & BENEFITS



WHAT COULD YOU DO WITH THE PROPOSED CHANGES?

- Add residential above the 1st floor commercial use w/o hearing
- Not need as much parking
- Do light industrial w/ retail
- Less setback to rear for residential



- Allow for mix of uses
- Require and amend design standards
- Ease parking requirements

Greg Moots greg@detroitmi.gov 313.451.2415

Visit <u>www.Detroitmi.gov/TMSO</u> for full ordinance and sign alternatives booklet